

# Aviva Pension

## BlackRock Over 5 yrs Index-Lkd Gilt Tracker

April 2024



This factsheet is for information only and has been written assuming you are familiar with investment terminology. It has been provided to help you understand how the fund is invested and performing. It should not be used for making investment decisions. Please contact your adviser for further explanation or advice if you want to know if this fund is, or remains, appropriate for you.

Please select this link for explanations of factsheet content. [Guide to fund factsheets](#)

**Please be aware that the value of investments can fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed, which means you may get back less than has been invested.**

### Fund aim

This fund invests in UK government index-linked securities (index-linked gilts) that have a maturity period of 5 years or longer. The fund aims to achieve a return consistent with the FTSE UK Gilts Index-Linked Over 5 Years Index, which is widely regarded as the benchmark for UK pension fund investment in the longer dated end of the UK index-linked gilt market.

### Fund facts

As at 31/03/2024

Fund Size	£73.64m
Launch date	28/11/2011
Sector	UK Index-linked Gilts
Benchmark	FTSE <sup>®</sup> Actuaries UK Index Linked Gilts Over 5 Years Index
External fund holdings	Yes

### Risk rating

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
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Funds typically investing in **shares of companies in the UK or a mix of major stock markets around the world**. These funds offer the potential for good returns over the long term, but their values will go up and down and there's a significant risk that the value of your investment could fall. We review each investment fund's risk rating on a yearly basis, so they may change from time to time.

### Underlying fund facts

As at 31/03/2024

Fund Manager	BlackRock
Fund Size	£301.3m
ISIN Code	GB00BYSL7T06

### Risk warnings

These highlight the risks that the fund may have material exposure to at any given time. Definitions of these risks can be found on the last page.

A - General	Yes
B - Foreign Exchange Risk	No
C - Emerging Markets	No
D - Smaller Companies	No
E - Fixed Interest	Yes
F - Derivatives	No
G - Cash/Money Market Funds	No
H - Property Funds	No
I - High Yield Bonds	No
J - Reinsured Funds	No

### Find out more

Web : [aviva.co.uk](http://aviva.co.uk)

App : MyAviva

Past performance is not a guide to future performance. Performance information has been calculated with income reinvested and is net of all charges. Figures quoted below are based on units which contain a total charge of 0.60%. This charge may or may not be the same as your policy. Further information on the charge can be found on page 4. For the actual fund charges please visit our [Fund Centre](#).

### Discrete annual performance to last quarter end

	31/03/19 31/03/20	31/03/20 31/03/21	31/03/21 31/03/22	31/03/22 31/03/23	31/03/23 31/03/24
Fund (%)	7.51	-3.93	3.22	-29.96	-8.17
Benchmark (%)	2.39	2.60	4.85	-30.44	-6.83
Sector Average (%)	4.20	-1.12	3.20	-27.99	-7.13
Quartile rank within sector	1	4	2	4	3

Source: FE fundinfo performance data up to 31/03/2024, bid to bid, net income invested, all returns in GBP.

### Percentage growth



### Cumulative performance to last month end

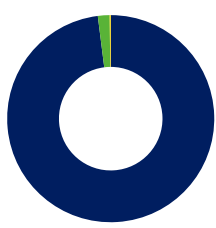
	1Yr	3Yr	5Yr	10Yr
Fund (%)	-8.17	-33.61	-31.43	7.75
Benchmark (%)	-6.83	-32.05	-28.61	14.28
Sector Average (%)	-7.13	-30.98	-28.89	6.10
Quartile rank within sector	3	3	3	3

Source: FE fundinfo performance data up to 31/03/2024, bid to bid, net income invested, all returns in GBP.

Source: London Stock Exchange Group plc and its group undertakings (collectively, the “LSE Group”). © LSE Group 2024. FTSE Russell is a trading name of certain of the LSE Group companies. “FTSE®” is a trade mark of the relevant LSE Group companies and is used by any other LSE Group company under license. All rights in the FTSE Russell indexes or data vest in the relevant LSE Group company which owns the index or the data. Neither LSE Group nor its licensors accept any liability for any errors or omissions in the indexes or data and no party may rely on any indexes or data contained in this communication. No further distribution of data from the LSE Group is permitted without the relevant LSE Group company’s express written consent. The LSE Group does not promote, sponsor or endorse the content of this communication.

### Find out more

### Asset allocation



UK Gilts	98.0%
Other	1.8%
Cash/Money Market	0.2%

As at 31/03/2024

Please note there may be instances where allocations do not total 100% due to the rounding of the figures used to compile these breakdowns. There may also be instances where a negative weighting is shown in the breakdown in order to accurately reflect a fund's holdings. This is usually associated with a cash holding, where a fund may be awaiting completion of outstanding transactions that affect this weighting in the short term. A high cash percentage can be due to the use of derivatives within the fund where cash is held to back the derivative.

### Top 10 holdings

1¼% Index-linked Treasury Gilt 2032	6.3%
1 1/8% Index-linked Treasury Gilt 2037	6.1%
0¾% Index-linked Treasury Gilt 2034	5.8%
0 5/8% Index-linked Treasury Gilt 2040	5.2%
2% Index-linked Treasury Stock 2035	5.0%
0 5/8% Index-linked Treasury Gilt 2042	4.8%
1¼% Index-linked Treasury Gilt 2055	4.7%
0 1/8% Index-linked Treasury Gilt 2044	4.6%
0¾% Index-linked Treasury Gilt 2047	4.5%
0 1/8% Index-linked Treasury Gilt 2036	4.2%

As at 31/03/2024

### Credit quality of fixed income holdings

AAA	0.0%
AA	98.0%
A	0.0%
BBB	0.0%
BB	0.0%
B	0.0%
CCC >	0.0%
Cash/Money Market	0.2%
NR	0.0%
Non Debt	1.8%

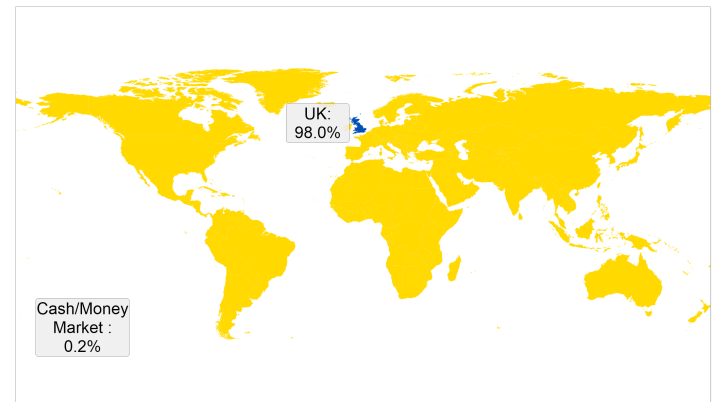
As at 31/03/2024

### Credit maturity

> 15Yr Maturity	58.2%
10Yr - 15Yr Maturity	18.2%
5Yr - 10Yr Maturity	21.6%
< 5Yr Maturity	0.0%
Cash/Money Market	0.2%
Other	1.8%

As at 31/03/2024

### Geographic regional allocation



As at 31/03/2024

### Find out more

## Risk warnings

### A - General

**Investment is not guaranteed:** The value of an investment is not guaranteed and can go down as well as up. You could get back less than you've paid in.

**Specialist funds:** Some funds invest only in a specific or limited range of sectors. This will be set out in the fund's aim. These funds may be riskier than funds that invest across a broader range of sectors.

**Suspend trading:** Fund managers are often able to stop any trading in their funds in certain circumstances for as long as necessary. When this happens, cashing in or switching your investment in the fund will be delayed. You may not be able to access your money during this period.

**Derivatives:** Derivatives are financial contracts whose value is based on the prices of other assets. Most funds can invest partly in derivatives so that the fund can be managed more efficiently or to reduce risk, but there's a risk that the company that issues the derivative may default on its commitments, which could lead to losses. Some funds also use derivatives to increase potential returns – this is known as 'speculation' – and an additional risk warning applies to those funds (see risk F below).

**B - Foreign Exchange Risk:** When a fund invests substantially in overseas assets, its value will go up and down in line with movements in exchange rates as well as the changes in value of the fund's investments.

**C - Emerging Markets:** Where a fund invests substantially in emerging markets, its value is more likely to move up and down by large amounts and more frequently than a fund that invests in developed markets. Emerging markets may not be as strictly regulated, and investments may be harder to buy and sell than in developed markets. Emerging markets may also be politically unstable which can make these funds riskier.

**D - Smaller Companies:** Where a fund invests in substantially the shares of smaller companies, it's more likely to move up and down by large amounts and more frequently than a fund that invests in the shares of larger companies. The shares can also be more difficult to buy and sell, so smaller-companies funds can be riskier.

**E - Fixed Interest:** Where a fund invests substantially in fixed-interest assets, such as corporate or government bonds, changes in interest rates or inflation can contribute to the value of the fund going up or down. For example, if interest rates rise, the fund's value is likely to fall.

**F - Derivatives:** See risk A above. Some funds also invest in derivatives as part of their investment strategy, not just for managing the fund more efficiently. Under certain circumstances, derivatives can cause large movements up or down in the value of the fund, making it riskier compared with funds that only invest in, for example, company shares. There's also a risk that the company that issues the derivative may default on its commitments, which could lead to losses.

**G - Cash/Money Market Funds:** These are different to cash deposit accounts, such as those held with high-street banks, and their value can fall. Also, when interest rates are low, the fund's charges could be higher than the return from the investment, so you could get back less than you've paid in.

**H - Property Funds:** When a fund invests substantially in property funds, property shares or directly in property, you should bear in mind that:

- Property isn't always easy to sell, so at times the fund may not be able to cash-in or switch part or all of its holdings. You may not be able to access your money during this time.
- Property valuations are made by independent valuers, but effectively they remain a matter of judgement and opinion.
- Property transaction costs are high due to legal costs, valuation costs and stamp duty, all of which affect the value of a fund.

**I - High Yield Bonds: These are issued by companies and governments that have a lower credit rating.** When a fund invests substantially in high yield bonds, there's a higher risk that the bond issuer might not be able to pay interest or return the capital that was invested. The value of these bonds is also more greatly affected by economic conditions and interest rate movements. There may be times when it's not easy to buy or sell these bonds, so cashing-in or switching your investment in the fund may be delayed. You may not be able to access your money during this period.

**J - Reinsured Funds:** Where a fund invests in a fund that's operated by another insurance company, you could lose some or all of the value of your investment in the fund if the other insurance company became insolvent.

## Charges explained

**Charges** - There are two types of charges that we may apply to your policy: annual management charges and fund charges.

**Annual management charges** - We take an annual management charge to cover the cost of running your policy.

**Fund charges**- Some funds have charges in addition to the basic annual management charge. These vary depending on the funds you choose. There may be an extra management charge/additional yearly charge and/or a fund management expense charge (FMEC), which covers the fund manager's expenses connected with buying, selling, valuing and maintaining the assets. FMECs may vary from year to year.

Aviva Life & Pensions UK Limited.

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